

Abstract Algebra
MAS4301 3249

Class-X

Prof. JLF King
Wedn., 16Nov2022

Hello. Let \mathbf{F} and \mathbf{R} be the *flip* and *rotation* in the dihedral group \mathbb{D}_N , with $\mathbf{F}^2=\mathbf{e}$, $\mathbf{R}^N=\mathbf{e}$ and $\mathbf{RFRF}=\mathbf{e}$. Use \mathbf{R}^j and $\mathbf{R}^j\mathbf{F}$ as the std. form of each element in \mathbb{D}_N . Symbol \mathbb{Z}_N denotes the cyclic gp $(\mathbb{Z}_N, +, 0)$.

A perm of cyc-sig $[1^3, 5^2]$ has three 1-cycles and two 5-cycles.

X1: Short answer. Show no work. Write LARGE.

Write **DNE** if the object does not exist or the operation cannot be performed. NB: $\mathbf{DNE} \neq \{\} \neq 0$.

a The IOP (Individual Optional Project), if you choose to do it, is due by **2PM** on **Friday, 09Dec2022**, slid *completely* under my office door, **Little Hall 402** (northeast corner of top floor) Circle: Yes Cool! Thanks

b From class, the group G of OP-isometries [Orientation-Preserving] of the cube is isomorphic to _____.

Two colorings of the twelve *edges* of the cube using K colors, are *equivalent* IFF some OP-isometry carries one to the other. To compute $\mathcal{E}(K)$, the number of equiv-classes, fill in this table.

What isom-etry g ?	$\#\{\text{such } g\}$	$\#\text{Fix}(g) = K^E$.	Cyc-sig, $\#$ [Edge-orbits under g].
Id	1	K^{12}	$[1^{12}]$, 12
FaceRot 90°			
FaceRot 180°			
VertexRot 120°			
EdgeRot 180°			

And $\mathcal{E}(K) = ______ \cdot [K^{12} + ______]$.

c A finite group Γ acts on a finite set Ω . Then...
 The number of Γ -orbits divides $|\Gamma|$: T F
 Cardinality of *each* Γ -orbit divides $|\Gamma|$: T F

d The dihedral group $G := \mathbb{D}_{17}$ acts on the edges of a 17-gon. Let \mathbf{C} be the number of “*really different*” red/blue Colorings of the edges. Let \mathbf{D} be the $\#$ of “*really different*” ways of assigning a Direction to each edge. Then (circle one relation) $\mathbf{C} > \mathbf{D}$ $\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{D}$ $\mathbf{C} < \mathbf{D}$.

OYOP: In *grammatical English sentences*, write your essays on every 2nd line (usually), so I can easily write between the lines.

X2: Define what it means for a map $\alpha: G \rightarrow G$ to be an *automorphism* of G .

Define groups $\text{Aut}(G)$ and $\text{Inn}(G)$, specifying the gp-operation. Prove that $\text{Inn}(G) \triangleleft \text{Aut}(G)$.

X3: For subgps $H, K \subset G$, suppose that $K \triangleleft G$. Prove that the set-product HK is a subgroup of G . [Hint: First show that $KH = HK$.]

End of Class-X

X1: _____ 105pts

X2: _____ 65pts

X3: _____ 35pts

Total: _____ 205pts

NAME: _____

HONOR CODE: “I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor or TA.”

Signature: _____