

Ord: _____

Plex
MAA4402 3509

Class-U

Prof. JLF King
Wedn, 10Apr2024

NB. For short-answer: Write **DNE** if the object does not exist or the operation cannot be performed. NB: **DNE** $\neq \{\}$ $\neq 0$.

Let **holom** abbreviate “holomorphic”, and **harm.fnc** abbreviate “harmonic function”.

U1: Short answer. Show no work.

a EoS 2024 *Games Party*, from 12:50pm–4:30pm, will take place at *Pascal’s Cafe* on Wedn, 24Apr.

☐ Circle **Yes!** **True!** **I’ll-bring-a-game!**

b The visual representation of \mathbb{C} is sometimes called “the ? plane”, where ? is ☐ Circle: **Unreal** **Higher**
Snakes-on-a **Argand** **Krypton** **Rayon** **Xenon**
Euler **Goursat** **Liouville** **No-need-to-x** **y-com** **Air** **Sea**
De **Rain-in-Spain-stays-mainly-on-the** .

c Let $f(z) := z^4 \exp(2/z)$.
Then residue $\text{Res}(f, 0) =$ _____.
[Hint: Write the PS for e^w , then plug in $2/z$ for w . Multiply the resulting Laurent Series by z^4 . You may use the factorial symbol in expressing your answer. Then simplify your answer.]

d Let C be SCC $\text{Sph}_7(0)$, a circle of radius 7. Then
$$\oint_C \frac{\cos(2z)}{[z-5]^4} dz =$$

[Answer may be written as a product, using powers and factorials and $\sin()$ and $\cos()$.]

e Define $f(x+iy) := xy + ix$. Let \mathbb{L} be the line-segment from the origin to $2+i$. Then $\int_{\mathbb{L}} f(z) dz =$ _____.

f $\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1+2i}{3} \right]^n =$ _____ + $i \cdot$ _____.

U2: Short answer. Show no work.

g For a SCC \mathbb{C} , suppose fncs f, g , analytic on $\widehat{\mathbb{C}}$, satisfy that $|f(z)| \geq |g(z)|$ for every $z \in \mathbb{C}$. If $f+g$ has fewer zeros in $\mathring{\mathbb{C}}$ than f does, then there must exist a point $w \in \mathbb{C}$ such that _____.

h Let $f(z) := z^5 + 3z^4 + 6z$, and $\mathbb{C}_r := \text{Sph}_r(0)$. Our f has _____ zeros enclosed by \mathbb{C}_1 , and _____ zeros in annulus $\mathbb{A} := \text{Ann}_2^1(0)$.

i In ball $\text{Bal}_1(0)$, there are _____ solutions to $2z^9 - z^6 - 7z^3 + z = 2$. [Hint: Rouché’s thm.]

j Gamma fnc: $\Gamma(7) =$ _____ and $\Gamma(\frac{7}{2}) =$ _____
For all real $x > 1$, our $\Gamma()$ function satisfies recurrence relation $\Gamma(x) =$ _____.

U1: _____ 120pts

U2: _____ 95pts

Total: _____ 215pts

NAME: _____

HONOR CODE: “I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor.”

Signature: _____