

**Folks:** For short-answer: Write **DNE** if the object does not exist or the operation cannot be performed.  
NB: **DNE**  $\neq \{\} \neq 0$ .

**C1:** Short answer. Show no work.

 **z** *Math Festival* this **Sunday, 16Apr, 10AM-1PM**, in the *Rion Ballroom* of Reitz Union, open to all.

Circle: **True!** **Yes!** **What's "Math"?**

 **a** In ball  $\text{Bal}_1(0)$ , there are \_\_\_\_\_ solutions to

$$2z^9 - z^6 - 7z^3 + z = 2. \quad [\text{Hint: Rouché's thm.}]$$

**C1:** \_\_\_\_\_ 165pts

**C2:** \_\_\_\_\_ 45pts

 **b** For posreal  $N$ , compute

$$J_N := \int_0^\infty \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2 + N} dx = .$$

[Suggestion: **Bump contour**. (Keyhole also works, but is longer.)]

**Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ 210pts

 **c** Let  $h(z) := \frac{\exp(5z)}{\sin(3z)}$ . So  $\text{Res}(h, \pi) = .$

 **d** Gamma fnc:  $\Gamma(7) = .$  and  $\Gamma(\frac{7}{2}) = .$

For all real  $x > 1$ , our  $\Gamma()$  function satisfies recurrence relation  $\Gamma(x) = .$

 **e** On annulus  $\{2 < |z| < \infty\}$ , fnc  $f(z) := 1/[z - 2i]$  has

Laurent series  $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} B_n z^n$ , where  $B_{-4} = .$

$B_{-3} = .$  and  $B_2 = .$

**C2:** "On subset  $U \subset \mathbb{C}$ , functions  $f_n: U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  converge uniformly to  $g: U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ " means [the formal,  $\varepsilon$  defn]:

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

**HONOR CODE:** "I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor."

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_