

NT-Cryptography
 MAT4930 2H22 **Class-W** Prof. JLF King
 MAT6932 21BH Wednesday, 17Feb2016

Please *fill-in* every *blank* on this sheet.

W5: *Show no work. Please write DNE in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed.*

a Alice used 32-symbol alphabet “abc...z ’.?!,” mapped to [0..32). She sent this 29-character phrase

“lzpy?z’pslpjp!r.prp!?rsphls?q”

about her feelings at the end of the semester. So, likely, the cleartext starts with a word expressing distress: “Alas!”, “Woe!”, “Oy vey!”, or some such, and probably ends with punctuation. (My mole in Alice’s organization suggests the word “code” is in her message.) The encryption affine-map is thus $\alpha \mapsto [[\cdot \alpha] +] \pmod{32}$. Decryption is $\beta \mapsto [[\cdot \beta] +] \pmod{32}$. The full cleartext is

.....

b Fix a prime q and natnums J and R . Then a closed-formula

for σ_J is: $\sigma_J(q^R) =$

Apply the [correct] CF; leave your answer as a product: $\sigma_2(980) =$

OYOP: *In grammatical English sentences, write your essay on every **third** line (usually), so that I can easily write between the lines. Do **not** restate the question.*

W6: **i** Carefully state the Quadratic-reciprocity Thm.

ii Give an example where the Legendre-symbols (LSes) are equal, computing the LSes.

Give an example where the LSes are differ, again with computation.

W7: **ω** Define *Jacobi-symbol* $\left[\frac{T}{B}\right]$, first saying precisely what kind of thing T is and B is. Now *carefully* define $\left[\frac{T}{B}\right]$.

α Describe the Jacobi-symbol “LBolt-ish” algorithm.

β Show the computation of Jacobi $\left[\frac{328}{899}\right] =$ in a nice table, giving the reason for each negation of the jacobi-register.

End of Class-W

W5: _____ 65pts
W6: _____ 45pts
W7: _____ 45pts

Total: _____ 155pts

Please PRINT your *name* and *ordinal*. Ta:

Ord: _____

HONOR CODE: “I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor.”

Signature: _____