

U1:	___	___	40pts
U2:	___	___	90pts
U3:	___	___	60pts

U1: Short answer. Show no work.

Please write **DNE** in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed.

a Define $G:[1..12] \circlearrowleft$ where $G(n)$ is the number of letters in the n^{th} Gregorian month. So $G(2) = 8$, since the 2nd month is “February”. The only fixed-point of G is _____. The set of posints k where $G^{\circ k}(12) = G^{\circ k}(7)$

is _____.

b Write the truth-table for $B \Rightarrow [[\neg B] \Rightarrow C]$.

YOYOP: *In grammatical English **sentences**, write your essay on every **third** line (usually), so that I can easily write between the lines. Do **not** restate the question.*

U2: Define a sequence $\vec{b} = (b_0, b_1, b_2, \dots)$ by $b_0 := 0$ and $b_1 := 3$ and

$$\dagger: \quad b_{n+2} := 7b_{n+1} - 10b_n, \quad \text{for } n = 0, 1, \dots$$

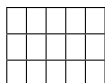
Use induction to prove, for all $k \in [0.. \infty)$, that

$$\ddagger: \quad b_k = 5^k - 2^k.$$

Further. Given recurrence (\dagger) and initial conditions, *explain* how you could have discovered/computed the numbers 5 and 2 in the (\ddagger) formula.

Can you generalize to getting a (\ddagger)-like formula when the recurrence is $b_{n+2} := \mathbf{S}b_{n+1} - \mathbf{P}b_n$, for arbitrary real-number coefficients \mathbf{S} and \mathbf{P} ?

U3: An **Lmino** (pron. “ell-mino”) comprises three **■** squares in an “L” shape (all four orientations are allowed). For natnum N , let \mathbf{B}_N denote the $3 \times N$ board: I.e.,



is the \mathbf{B}_5 board. Prove:

Theorem: When N is odd, then board \mathbf{B}_N is not Lmino-tilable.

You will likely want to first *state* and *prove* a Lemma. Now use appropriate induction on N to prove the thm. Also: *Illustrate your proof* with (probably several) large, *labeled* pictures.

Total: ___ ___ ___ 190pts

Please PRINT your *name* and *ordinal*. Ta:

Ord:

HONOR CODE: “I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor.”

Signature: